

# Results from the Proof-of-Concept Phase 2 'SHINE' Study of CT1812 in Mild-to-Moderate Alzheimer's Disease

## Focus on Pre-specified Lower p-tau217 Subgroup

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# Disclosures

### **Presenter Disclosures**

- Professor Woodward has worked on Alzheimer's disease drug trials funded by pharmaceutical companies including AbbVie, Astra Zeneca, AZ Therapies, Biogen, Bristol Myers Squibb, Buck, Cognition Therapeutics, Eisai, INmune Bio, Janssen, Eli Lilly, Lundbeck, Merck/MSD, Novartis, Pfizer, Roche, Servier, Takeda, Tau Rx, vTv Therapeutics and Zinfandel
- He has also received honoraria for advisory and speaker activities by Roche, Eli Lilly, Eisai and Actinogen

## **Product Disclosure**

• CT1812 is an investigational therapeutic that has not been approved for any use by the US Food and Drug Administration or other health authority

# Tau Burden in Amyloid-related AD Clinical Trials

#### Baseline plasma p-tau217: predictive biomarker of response to therapy

- Plasma p-tau217 reflects brain amyloid and tau burden
- Prior data indicate that individuals with lower AD pathology at baseline, as reflected by lower levels of plasma p-tau217, have greater response to amyloid-based therapies, eg:
  - Donanemab TRAILBLAZER 2\*
    - iADRS: 36% slowing in low tau tercile
    - iADRS: 21% slowing in high tau tercile
- Given CT1812's MoA of displacing Aβ oligomers, we hypothesized that larger treatment effect may be observed in participants with lower plasma p-tau217
- Prespecified subgroup analysis defined by median baseline plasma p-tau217 within study population

# **CT1812 Mechanism of Action**

Investigational, oral, small molecule oligomer antagonist

- First-in-class sigma-2 receptor modulator
- Preclinical and clinical evidence that CT1812 acts to displace Aβ oligomers from synapses, facilitating clearance of Aβ oligomers in the cerebrospinal fluid (CSF)
- Proposed *synaptoprotective* mechanism of action to slow further neuronal injury / loss
- MoA distinct from anti-amyloid immunotherapy



# Phase 2 PoC Study in Mild-to-Moderate Alzheimer's Disease

Included prespecified analysis in participants with baseline plasma p-tau217 above and below median



MMSE, mini-mental state examination; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging; AChEi, acetylcholinesterase inhibitor; QD, daily; ADAS-Cog, Alzheimer's disease assessment scale-cognitive subscale; ADCS, Alzheimer's disease cooperative study; ADL, activities of daily living; CGIC, clinical global impression of change

\* Notes: independent of plasma p-tau217 levels, <u>amyloid pathology (Aβ PET/CSF) was confirmed in all randomized participants</u>. CSF cut-offs from Clinical Neurochemistry Lab at Sahlgrenska University Hospital in Gothenburg, Sweden or study protocol.



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## Baseline Characteristics of Below/Above Median Plasma p-tau217 Groups

#### Reflects expected baseline characteristics based on mITT population

	mITT population (n=150)	Below median* p-tau217 Cohort (n=69)	Above or equal to median* p-tau217 Cohort (n=69)
Percent (%) female	60	59.4	58
Percent (%) white	96	94.2	97.1
Percent (%) non-Hispanic or Latino	92	89.9	97.1
ApoE4 Status: n (%) - Percent ApoE4 carriers - Percent ApoE4 non-carriers	91 (61) 59 (39)	42 (60.9) 27 (39.1)	43 (62.3) 26 (37.7)
Percent (%) concomitant AChEi or NMDA use	62.7	55.1	68.1
Mean age (range)	72.7 (51-85)	72.6 (51-84)	72.8 (53-85)
MMSE at baseline mean (range)	21.37 (13-29)	21.94 (14-29)	20.83 (13-28)
Plasma p-tau217 mean (range) in pg/mL	1.10 (0.2-3.5)	0.66 (0.2 - 1.0)	1.53 (1.0-3.5)
CSF neurofilament light chain mean (range) in pg/mL	1217.67 (220.0-2850.0)	994.70 (220.0 - 1840.0)	1389.88 (513.0 - 2850.0)

\* Median plasma p-tau217 was identified as 1.0pg/mL at baseline

# Summary of SHINE Safety and Tolerability Findings

Full safety data presented at AAIC '24 showing favorable profile with most TEAEs mild or moderate

- CT1812 demonstrated a generally favorable safety and tolerability profile
- Most treatment emergent adverse events (TEAEs) were mild or moderate in severity
- Similar percentages of adverse events in pooled treated (76.5%) and placebo (78%) groups
- No discontinuations due to AEs in the 100mg dose group
- Most discontinuations were in 300mg dose group and all the reportable liver enzyme elevations were in 300mg dose group

Full safety results in *Vijverberg et al.* can be found at cogrx.com/publications



Adverse Events			
CT1812	Placebo		
76.5%	78%		
Sorious AEs			

Serious AEs		
CT1812	Placebo	
4.9%	10%	

Deaths		
CT1812	Placebo	
0	1 (cancer)	

# Impact of Plasma p-tau217 on Exploratory Outcomes:

**Cognition and Function** 





Simoa® ALZpath p-tau217 Advantage PLUS Assay

# SHINE Cognitive Endpoints: ADAS-Cog 11

Preservation of ADAS-Cog 11 in participants below median plasma p-tau217<sup>t</sup>



\* ADAS-Cog 11 mITT in the pooled dose group vs placebo was the first of the ordered secondary efficacy endpoints

<sup>†</sup> Median plasma p-tau217 level is 1.0pg/mL at baseline

Cognition preserved in CT1812-treated participants with below median plasma p-tau217

# **SHINE Cognitive Endpoints:** *MMSE*

Preservation of MMSE in participants below median plasma p-tau217\*



\* Median plasma p-tau217 level is 1.0pg/mL at baseline

# **SHINE Functional Endpoints:** ADCS-ADL and -CGIC

Function and global impression preserved in participants below median plasma p-tau217\*



\* Median plasma p-tau217 level is 1.0pg/mL at baseline

# CT1812 SHINE Study: Summary and Conclusions

Baseline plasma p-tau217 biomarker identifies strong CT1812-treatment responder group

- CT1812 generally safe and well tolerated
- mITT showed favorable trends in CT1812-treated participants
- Optimal dose range identified
- Large cognitive impact observed in pre-specified below-median plasma p-tau217 subgroup
- Limitations: small sample size; exploratory outcomes need to be confirmed in larger studies
- Will assess optimal plasma p-tau217 cut-point for future studies

SHINE trial supports advancing CT1812 to Phase 3 in mild-to-moderate Alzheimer's disease in population defined by plasma p-tau217 Additional SHINE data:

Results from COG0201 Vijverberg et al. AAIC 2024

Topline CSF Biomarker Outcomes: Di Caro et al. AAIC 2024

> Exploratory CSF Proteomics Biomarker Outcomes Di Caro et al. AAIC 2024



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# Thank You

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Investigators

National Institute of Aging

SHINE participants, care partners and family members