## **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

## FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): January 10, 2022

# Cognition Therapeutics, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

001-40886

13-4365359

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2500 Westchester Ave. Purchase, NY

10577 (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (412) 481-2210

#### Not Applicable

c if changed cinco last report)

	(Former hame of former address, if changed since last re	port)
Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is i Instruction A.2. below):	intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of	the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General
$\square$ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the S	Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
$\square$ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exc	hange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	
☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d	d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))	
☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13	e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	CĞTX	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter)		ities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the
		Emerging growth company $oxtimes$
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange		period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Attached as Exhibit 99.1 and furnished for purposes of Regulation FD is a presentation that Cognition Therapeutics, Inc. may use from time to time in presentations or discussions with investors, analysts, and other parties.

The information in this Item 7.01 (including Exhibit 99.1) is being furnished solely to satisfy the requirements of Regulation FD and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall it be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act.

#### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

### (d) Exhibits

The following exhibits are being furnished herewith:

Exhibit No.	Document
99.1	Investor presentation of Cognition Therapeutics, Inc.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

#### COGNITION THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Date: January 10, 2022

By: /s/ Lisa Ricciardi
Name: Lisa Ricciardi

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer



Disease-modifying medicines for degenerative disorders

January 2022

## **Forward-looking Statement**

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this presentation, other than statements of historical facts or statements that relate to present facts or current conditions, including but not limited to, statements regarding the Company's cash and financial resources and its clinical development plans, are forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," might, ""will," "should, ""recet," "performance, or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements in such as "may," might, ""will," "should, ""recet," "performance, or achievements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified and some of which are beyond our control, including, among others: our ability to successfully advance our current and future product candidates through development activities, preclinical studies, and clinical trials; the timing, scope and likelihood of regulatory fillings and approvals, including final regulatory approval of our product candidates; the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business and operations; the performance of third parties onductions with the development of our product candidates, including third parties onducting our future clinical trials as well as third-party suppliers and manufacturers; our ability to

#### TRADEMARKS

This presentation may contain trademarks, service marks, trade names and copyrights of other companies, which are the property of their respective owners. Solely for convenience, some of the trademarks, service marks, trade names and copyrights referred to in this presentation may be listed without the TM, SM® or ® symbols, but the Company will assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, the rights of the applicable owners, if any, to these trademarks, service marks, trade names and copyrights.

#### MARKET & INDUSTRY DATA

Projections, estimates, industry data and information contained in this presentation, including the size of and growth in key end markets, are based on information from third-party sources and management estimates. Although the Company believes that its third party-sources are reliable, the Company cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of its sources. The Company's management estimates are derived from third-party sources, publicly available information, the Company's knowledge of its industry and assumptions based on such information and knowledge. The Company's management estimates have not been verified by any independent source. All of the projections, estimates and industry information used in this presentation involve a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such information. In addition, projections, estimates and assumptions relating to the Company's and its industry's future performance are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk due to a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, those described above, that could cause future performance to differ materially from the Company's expressed projections, estimates and assumptions relating to the Company's parties.

COGNITION"

## Who We Are



Targeting unmet needs in age-related degenerative disorders of the central nervous system and retina such as Alzheimer's disease, dementia with Lewy bodies (DLB), dry age-related macular degeneration (dry AMD), and Parkinson's disease



Functionally distinct the rapeutic approach focused on the sigma-2 ( $\sigma$ -2) receptor complex, backed by decades of expertise in the biology of synaptic function and plasticity



Received over \$160 million in non-dilutive funding through key collaborations with the National Institute of Aging and other thought-leading institutions



Multiple Phase 2 programs expected to provide significant value-creating milestones and data readouts over the next 12 to 24 months



Expanding pipeline through our proprietary NICE screening platform, strategic alliances and acquisitions



Seasoned management team with broad scientific, drug development and commercial expertise; experienced board and advisors



## Addressing Degenerative Disease by Targeting Sigma-2 ( $\sigma$ -2)

## **Cellular Homeostasis**

Several key cellular processes (vesicle trafficking and autophagy) required for homeostasis are disrupted in disease

## **Degeneration**

Build-up of age-related stressors (protein aggregates, oxidative stress, inflammation) leads to progressive cellular degeneration in diseases like Alzheimer's, Parkinson's and dry AMD resulting in declines in cognition, vision and other functions

## Dysfunction / Death

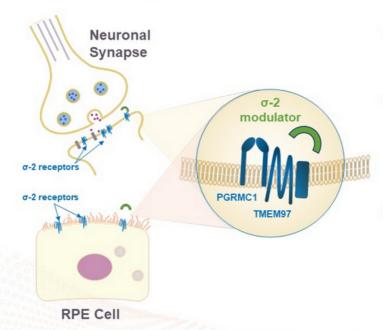
Untreated, degeneration leads to cell death, which in turn results in decreased quality of life and/or shorter life span



σ-2 receptor complex components, PGRMC1 and TMEM97, control or influence these processes

**X**COGNITION

# Modulating $\sigma$ -2 Receptor Restores Cellular Dysfunction



- CT1812 is orally available, penetrates the blood brain barrier and binds selectively to the σ-2 receptor
- The  $\sigma$ -2 receptor complex is expressed in:
  - <u>Brain</u>: cortex, hippocampus, substantia nigra, cerebellum
  - Retina: retinal pigment epithelial (RPE) cells, retinal ganglion cells, photoreceptors
- The σ-2 receptor complex, TMEM97 and PGRMC1, regulates key cellular processes disrupted in degenerative diseases, such as:
  - Autophagy
- Trafficking
- Cell survival
- Cell function

COGNITION

# **Pipeline**



<sup>\*</sup> Provided the FDA agrees, we intend to proceed with a Phase 2 study supported by the Phase 1 AD studies † including Parkinson's disease and DLB

6



# **Key Upcoming Milestones**

SNAP SPARC Human AME SEQUEL  Conducting	mpleting SHINE (cohort 2)
SNAP SPARC  Human AME  SEQUEL  Conducting  PK  Human AME  Conducting	SHINE (cohort 2) >
SPARC SHINE (cohort 1)  • Human AME • SEQUEL • One	going Studies
SHINE (cohort 1)  • SEQUEL  • Conducting	
Conducting	
Conditioning	Phase 2 in DLB
	Phase 2 with ACTC
STINE (COIDIL 2)	Phase 2 in dry AMD
Phase 2 in DLB	
Phase 2 with ACTC	egulatory Actions
Phase 2 in dry AMD *	IND filings for pipeline compounds
IND-enabling studies for research compounds	

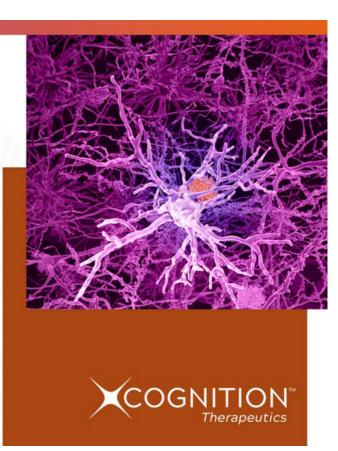
7

Subject to discussion with FD.



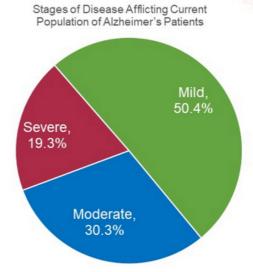
# **Cognition Lead Program:**

Review of CT1812 for the Treatment of Alzheimer's Disease



## **Alzheimer's Disease Market Overview**

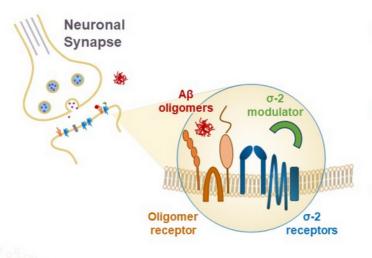
- Approx. 6.2 million individuals in United States are afflicted with Alzheimer's disease<sup>1</sup>
  - Approximately 35 million people worldwide<sup>2</sup>
  - Prevalence expected to double by 20501
- Direct healthcare costs for patients with Alzheimer's and other dementias is estimated to exceed \$300 billion in the United States alone<sup>1</sup>
  - Projected to increase to \$1+ trillion by 20501



1) Economic Burden of Alzheimer Disease and Managed Care Considerations. Am J Manag Care. 2020;26:S177-S183 2) World Health Organization Key Facts: <u>Dementia</u>



## CT1812: A Synaptoprotective Approach to Alzheimer's Disease



- CT1812 penetrates the blood brain barrier and binds selectively to the σ-2 receptor
- By modulating σ-2, CT1812 displaces and prevents oligomers from binding to neurons and clears them into CSF
- Prevents synaptotoxicity and facilitates restoration of neuronal function
- Izzo NJ, et al. Preclinical and clinical biomarker studies of CT1812. A novel approach to Alzheimers disease modification. Alzheimers Dement 2021;1–18.
- Izzo NJ, et al. Alzheimers therapeutics targeting amyloid beta 1-42 oligomers II: Sigma-2PGRIIC1 receptors mediate Abeta 42 oligomer binding and synaptotoxicity. PLoS One. 2014 Nov 12, 9(11):e111899
- Izzo NJ, et al. Alzheimers therapeutics targeting amyloid beta 1-42 oligomers i: Abeta 42 oligomer binding to specific neuronal receptors is displaced by drug candidates that improve cognitive defacts PLoS One. 2014 Nov 12, 9(11):e111698

COGNITION

# **Alzheimer's Clinical Program Overview**

	FIH/	Safety	Proof of Concept / Mechanism			Impact on Disease Pathology		
Study	<b>SAD/MAD</b> COG0101 (n=93)	<b>DDI</b> COG0103 (n=15)	COG0102 (n = 19)	<b>SNAP</b> COG0104 (n=3)	<b>SPARC</b> COG0105 (n = 23)	<b>SEQUEL</b> COG0202 (n = 16)	<b>SHINE</b> COG0201 (n = 120)	ACTC COG0203 (n=540)
Population	Healthy \	/olunteers		Mild-Moderate A	zheimer's		Mild-Moderate Alzheimer's	Early Alzheimer's
Status	Completed 2015	Completed 2016	Completed 2018	Completed 1H2021	Enrollment completed	Ongoing	Ongoing Topline 1H2023	Enrollment commencing 2022
Results	Well tolerated	No clinically significant DDI	Well tolerated	Evidence of target engagement	Topline reported	Topline 2023	Interim: trend in cognitive improvement	



# **Unique Protective Effect**: A673T-APP Mutation Supports CT1812 MoA

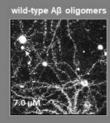
- First variant associated with protection against Alzheimer's disease<sup>1</sup>
- Carriers are four times less likely to get Alzheimer's disease than non-carriers<sup>2</sup>
- Internal data demonstrates that mutant Aβ oligomers bind with four-fold lower affinity to neuronal synapses than normal protein
- To our knowledge, CT1812 is the only drug that mimics the protective effects of this mutation

# Journal of Neurochemistry JNC the Official Journal of Neurochemistry

Alzheimer's Protection Effect of A673T Mutation May Be Driven by Lower Aβ Oligomer Binding Affinity\*

Colleen S. Limegrover, Harry LeVine III, Nicholas J. Izzo, Raymond Yurko, Kelsie Mozzoni, Courtney Rehak, Kelsey Sadlek, Hank Safferstein, Susan M. Catalano

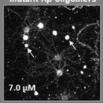
Journal of Neurochemistry. doi: https://doi:10.1111/jnc.15212



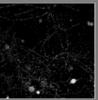
wild-type Aβ oligomer



A673T protective



oligomers + CT1812

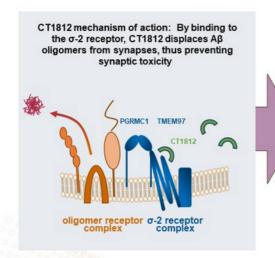


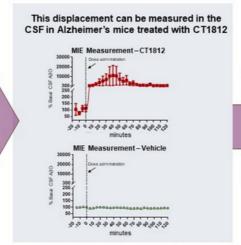
 Jonsson, T et al. A mutation in APP protects against Alzheimer's disease and age-related cognitive decline. Nature 488, 96-99 (20: 2) Andrews SJ et al. Protective Variants in Alzheimer's Disease. Curr Genet Med Rep. 2019 March; 7(1): 1-12

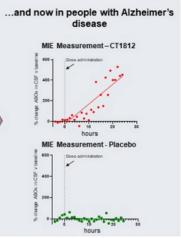


## **Evidence of Target Engagement:** SNAP (COG0104)

First evidence of target engagement in humans, mirrors preclinical findings, corroborating our mechanism of action







SNAP COG0104 Study (NCT03522129) funded by NIA grant 1RF1AG057780

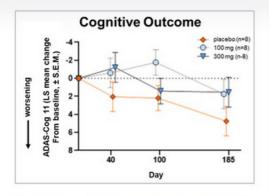
Izzo, NJ et al. Alzheimer's Dement. 2021; 17: 1365-1382. https://doi.org/10.1002/alz.12302

13

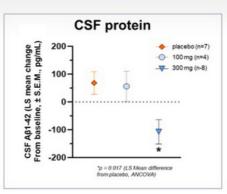


## **Cognitive & Biological Outcomes**

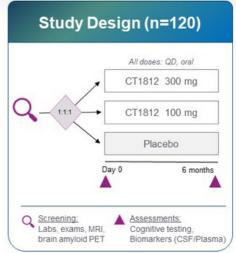
SHINE interim analysis yields promising evidence



- 3-point difference (ADAS-COG) between treated and untreated patients at day 185
- · Clinically meaningful magnitude of change
- Trend for improved cognitive outcomes



- Statistically significantly lower Aβ protein (p=0.017) in treated vs placebo patients
   Additional therapeutic impact on p-tau,
- SH



SHINE COG0201 Study (NCT03507790) funded by NIA grant R01AG058660

14

NOTE: interim analysis of SHINE cohort A was not powered to detect statistically significant treatment differences

synaptic and AD-related proteins



## SPARC (COG0105) Results

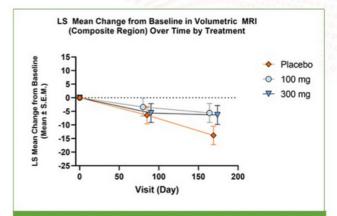
First longitudinal study of [11C]UCB-J tracer in AD patients

## Study goals:

- 1. Primary objective: evaluate safety and tolerability of CT1812
- 2. Secondary objective: evaluate CT1812 via:
  - SV2A PET, FDG-PET, volumetric MRI and functional MRI
  - o CSF biomarkers, cognitive and clinical endpoints

#### Results:

- · Safety profile consistent with prior studies
- Trend towards preservation of brain volume (composite) in patients treated with CT1812 versus placebo (top right)
- Statistically significant (p<0.05) improvement in volume in three regions (bottom right)
- No significant treatment differences on other key endpoints including on the ADAS-Cog 11 and on SV2A signal change
- Analyses of biomarker and proteomic data underway; to be presented at 2022 medical meetings



6-mo change from baseline					
	CT1812 (Pooled)	Placebo	P-value vs placebo		
Hippocampus	-0.09 (0.08)	-0.40 (0.11)	0.0412		
Prefrontal Cortex	-0.41 (0.95)	-4.80 (1.37)	0.0125		
Daria entral Cartey	0.07 (0.52)	2.00 (0.77)	0.0022		

SPARC COG0105 Study (NCT03493282) funded by NIA grant RF1AG057553



# **Integrated Safety Summary**

- · CT1812 is not approved for any indication.
- No deaths or SAEs attributed to CT1812 have been reported in any studies (blinded or unblinded).
- 96 of 150 subjects exposed to CT1812 experienced 239 TEAE's, 66 reported as possibly related to study drug of which 9 were moderate or severe.
- Notable laboratory abnormalities: at daily doses of 300 mg and higher, elevations in liver enzymes (AST/ALT, 5X ULN) have been reported in three subjects, which returned to normal after discontinuation of drug. These changes were not associated with changes in bilirubin or other signs of liver injury. Enzyme elevations have been observed in two additional patients in on-going studies that remain blinded.
- More details of safety and tolerability associated with each trial can be found in our S1 filed with the Securities and exchange commission. Cognition Therapeutics is continuing to explore the safety and efficacy of CT1812 at doses of 300mg and below.

COGNITION

## **Expanded Patient Population: Early AD**

540-patient trial of CT1812 fully funded by \$81M grant

- COG0203: Phase 2 efficacy study, powered to show change in cognition: slowing or halting cognitive decline
- Enrollment: 540 individuals with early Alzheimer's disease
- Initiate in 2022
- Conducted in collaboration with premier NIA-funded Alzheimer's clinical trial group
- Up to 35 leading academic U.S. sites associated with consortium





COG0203 Study funded by NIA grant R01AG065248

17



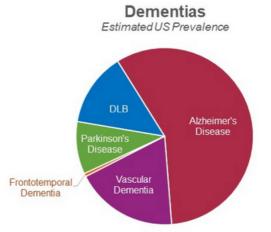
# Cognition Pipeline: Synucleinopathies

Disorders such as DLB and Parkinson's disease that are characterized by deposits of α-synuclein aggregates (called Lewy bodies) that disrupt key cellular processes



# Synucleinopathies are 2nd only to AD in Prevalence

- In the U.S., approximately 13 million people have a form of dementia<sup>1</sup>
  - DLB accounts for 1.4 million cases; and Parkinson's disease 1 million cases;
- Direct healthcare costs for patients with DLB are approximately \$31.5 billion<sup>2</sup>; approximately \$25 billion<sup>3</sup> for Parkinson's disease
  - For Parkinson's disease patients in the U.S., direct medical costs include approximately \$2.5 billion for medications



α-synuclein oligomers, which disrupt key cellular processes, are a hallmark of both disorders

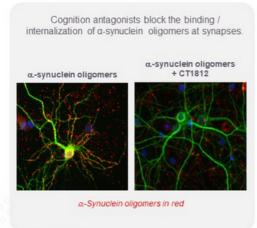
Millien Institute report: (2019) Reducing the Cost and Risk of Dementia: Recommendations to Improve Brain Health and Decrease Disparities

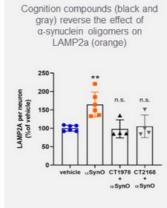
MJFF and The Lewin Group: Economic Burden and Future Impact of Parkinson's Disease (2019)

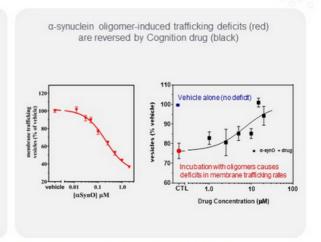


## σ-2 Modulators May be Disease Modifying in Synucleinopathies

Cellular and clinical biomarker evidence that σ-2 modulators have a beneficial impact







Limegrover CS, et al. Sigma-2 receptor antagonists rescue neuronal dysfunction induced by Parkinson's patient brain-derived α-synuclein. J Neurosci Res. 2021; 00: 1– 16

20

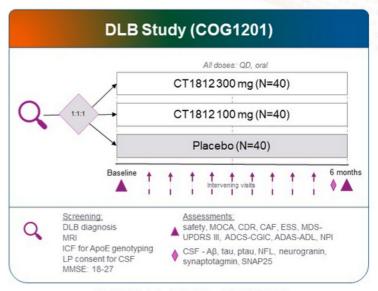


# DLB Phase 2 Funded with ~\$30M NIA Grant



- Principal investigator: James E. Galvin, MD, MPH, professor of neurology and director of the Comprehensive Center for Brain Health
- Initiate Phase 2\* in 1H 2022
- · U Miami and 20+ academic sites





COG1201 Study funded by NIA grant R01AG071643-01

\* Subject to discussion with FDA



# MJFF Grant Award Supports Further Study in Parkinson's Disease Models

- Jan 2022 cognition awarded a Therapeutic Pipeline Program Grant from The Michael J. Fox Foundation for Parkinson's Research (MJFF)
- Will fund preclinical studies of two chemically distinct σ-2 receptor modulators in animal models of Parkinson's disease
- Successful completion will inform selection of a clinical candidate and dose(s)



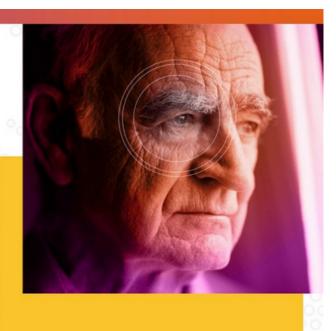
### Grant Awarded:

Preclinical *in vivo* proof of concept to advance a σ-2 receptor antagonist for Parkinson's disease

COGNITION

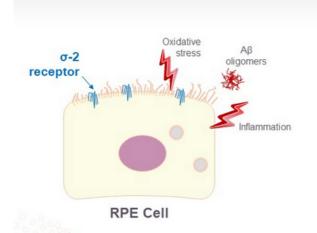
# **Cognition Pipeline:**

Dry Age-related Macular Degeneration





# Role of $\sigma$ -2 Receptor Complex in Dry AMD



- Expression: In retinal pigment epithelial (RPE) cells, retinal ganglion cells, photoreceptors in retina
- · Human genetics: Linked to dry AMD
- Biology: Regulates autophagy, protein trafficking, lipid metabolism dysregulated in dry AMD
- Target validation: TMEM97 knockdown has been shown to be protective

24



# Human Genetics Points to a Role for TMEM97 in dAMD

## GWAS identified a SNP in TMEM97-VTN locus that confers decreased risk of dAMD

## Locus identified in several independent and large-scale GWAS

Table 4. Results for 34 AMD risk variants reported in the latest case–control study conducted by the International AMD Genomics Consortium

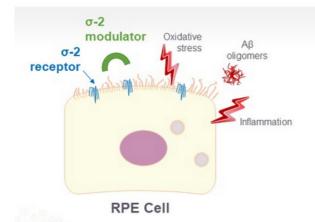
SNP	Chr	Position	Major/ minor allele	MAF	Gene	With B severit	77	Withou		Fritsche et case-contr	
						HR	P-value	HR	P-value	OR P	value
Known SNPs	identifi	ed in consortiu	ım case–contr	ol studi	ies						
rs11080055	17	26 649 724	C/A	0.48	TMEM97-VTN	0.89	0.0267	0.97	0.5847	0.91	$1.0 \times 10^{-}$
rs6565597	17	79 526 821	C/T	0.38	NPLOC4-TSPAN10	1.03	0.5769	1.06	0.2877	1.13	$1.5 \times 10^{-}$
C7F0000C	19	1 031 438	C/T	0.45	CNN2	0.90	0.0475	0.90	0.0684	0.9	$2.6 \times 10^{-}$
rs6/538026	~ ~										
rs67538026 rs142450006	20	44 614 991	TTTTC/T	0.13	MMP9	0.77	0.0021	0.77	0.0029	0.85	$2.4 \times 10^{-1}$

Yan et al. Human Molecular Genetics, 2018



# Rationale for $\sigma$ -2 Modulators in Dry AMD

Goal: protect RPE cells from disease-relevant stressors



- Clinical support: Proteomics analyses showed differential movement of proteins involved in dry AMD
- Preclinical data: Regulates inflammatory response, ameliorate trafficking deficits and prevents cell death

26



# Unbiased Pathway Analysis of Patient Clinical Trial Proteomics Data Implicates CT1812 in dAMD

Proteomics datasets from two Phase 2 clinical trials

- 1. COG0102 Ph2 Clinical Trial of σ-2 Receptor Modulator, CT1812 (90, 280, 560 mg) or Placebo in Mild-to-Moderate AD Patients

  Proteomics analysis of CSF at 6 mo (N=15)
- SHINE-A Ph2 Clinical Trial of σ-2 Receptor Modulator, CT1812 (100, 300 mg) or Placebo in Mild-to-Moderate AD Patients
   Proteomics Analysis of CSF at 6 mo (N=18)
- Generated list of proteins differentially expressed in CSF from CT1812- vs. placebo-treated patients for each trial\*timepoint
- Performed Metacore pathway analysis of CSF (CT1812 vs placebo) across trials to ascertain which predesignated functional disease ontologies may be significantly affected



MetaCore+MetaDrug" version 20.3 build 70200

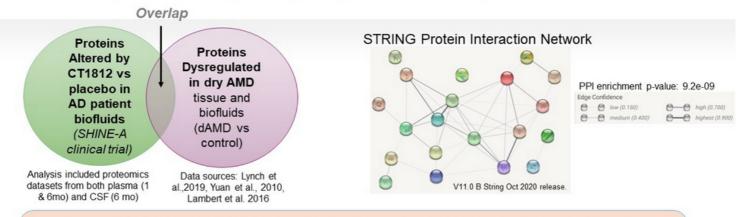
#### **Top Disease Ontologies**

- 1. Geographic atrophy
- 2. Central nervous system diseases
- 3. Cognition disorders
- 4. Mental disorders
- 5. Psychiatry and psychology
- 6. Macular degeneration
- 7. Neurocognitive disorders
- 8. Rett syndrome
- 9. Dementia
- 10. Movement disorders
- 11. Neurodegenerative diseases
- 12. Brain diseases
- 13. Basal ganglia diseases
- 14. Anemia
- 15. Infections



## Analysis of Alzheimer's Disease Patient Clinical Trial Data

Identification of proteins & pathways in AD patient proteomes affected by CT1812 that are linked to dAMD



Enabled the identification of a subset of proteins and pathways genetically linked to or known to be dysregulated in dAMD that were regulated in AD patients biofluids given CT1812 vs placebo...

Provides preliminary proof of principle that the  $\sigma\text{-}2$  modulator CT1812 may be capable of altering AMD-relevant proteins and pathways in an aged population

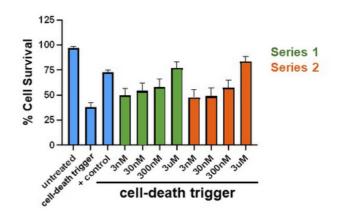
COGNITION

# Data Indicate $\sigma$ -2 Modulators Rescue RPE Deficits and May be Protective in Dry AMD

### Cell Survival and Inflammatory Pathways are Altered by CT1812 vs Vehicle (p<0.05)

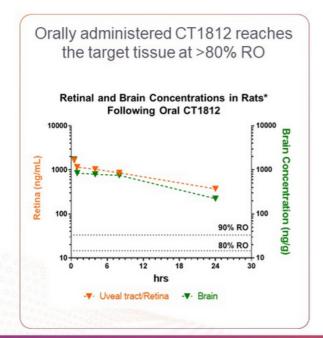
Oxidative stre	88
Apoptosis and	survival APRIL and BAFF signaling
Signaling Tran	sduction Role of MIF as an intracellular mediator
Cell cycle Role	of SCF complex in cell cycle regulation
mmune respo	se IFN-alpha/beta signaling via JAK/STAT
Development F	EDF signaling
Aβ Oligomer	
mmune respo	se BAFF-induced non-canonical NF-kB signaling
mmune respo	se Role of PKR in stress-induced antiviral cell response
Apoptosis and	survival APRIL and BAFF signaling
Apoptosis and	survival NGF activation of NF-kB
Apoptosis and	survival Apoptotic TNF-family pathways
nflammation	
Cytoskeleton re	modeling Regulation of actin cytoskeleton nucleation and polymerization by Rho GTPases
Neurophysiolo	ical process Activity-dependent synaptic AMPA receptor removal
Cell adhesion	Classical cadherin-mediated cell adhesion
Transcription L	igand-dependent activation of the ESR1/SP pathway
mmune respo	nse Lysophosphatidic acid signaling via NF-kB

# Data Show σ-2 Modulators Prevent Cell Death in Concentration-dependent Manner





## In Vivo Pharmacokinetics Support Phase 2 for dry AMD



Planned Phase 2\* to enroll patients with diagnosed dry AMD and measurable GA

## Screening:

- Age: ≥ 50
- · Diagnosis of dry AMD
- BCVA ≥ 24 letters (ETDRS)
- GA lesion ≥ 2.5 and ≤17.5mm<sup>2</sup>

### Assessments:

- Primary endpoints:
  - Change in GA lesion using fundus autofluorescence (FAF)
- Secondary endpoints:
  - Low luminance visual acuity (LLVA)
  - Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA)
  - Optical coherence tomography (OCT)

30

\* Subject to discussion with FDA



# **Financial Position**

## Capital Markets

· IPO priced Oct 8

· Overallotment exercised Nov 15

- Total IPO proceeds (gross)

002.

\$52.0 million

\$45.2 million

\$6.8 million

## NIA funding for CT1812 studies

· Preclinical through Phase 2 studies

· Approximate funding used

- Available NIA funding

\$168.4 million

(\$58.0 million)

\$110.4 million



